ORDER DENYING MOTION TO RECONSIDER ORDER ON MOTION TO COMPEL ~ 1

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON

SPARTA INSURANCE, CO; et al.,

Plaintiffs,

V.

BENJAMIN GARFIAS, individual, et al.,

Defendants.

NO: CV-12-5051-RMP

ORDER DENYING MOTION TO RECONSIDER ORDER ON MOTION TO COMPEL

BEFORE THE COURT is Plaintiffs' Motion for Reconsideration of Order on Motion to Compel and Objection to Defendants' Application for Attorney Fees. ECF No. 119. The Court has reviewed the motion and response and is fully informed.

On October 2, 2013, the Court granted in part Defendants' Motion to Compel Discovery and for Sanctions. ECF No. 113. The Court found that Plaintiffs' discovery responses were sufficiently vague and misleading to warrant granting relief; therefore, the Court allowed limited additional discovery regarding

Plaintiff Larry Lamberson's drag racing activities and awarded Defendants fees and costs incurred in bringing the motion. ECF No. 113 at 2, 3.

Plaintiffs ask the Court to reconsider this order because of additional evidence that Plaintiffs found in earlier discovery responses. In an expert disclosure served on Defendants on March 7, 2013, ECF No. 120 at 1-2, Dr. Robert Calhoun stated: "The patient reports that he did drive his car at Firebird Raceway. He reportedly did not do any of the mechanical work on his car[,]" ECF No. 120-2 at 2. Plaintiffs claim that Defendants' motion to compel and for sanctions would have failed in light of this evidence showing that Plaintiff Lamberson disclosed his drag racing activity.

Motions for reconsideration serve a limited function. "[T]he major grounds that justify reconsideration involve an intervening change of controlling law, the availability of new evidence, or the need to correct a clear error or prevent manifest injustice." *Pyramid Lake Paiute Tribe v. Hodel*, 882 F.2d 364, 369 n.5 (9th Cir. 1989) (quoting 18 C. Wright, A. Miller & E. Cooper, *Federal Practice and Procedure* § 4478 at 790). Such motions are not the proper vehicle for offering evidence or theories of law that were available to the party at the time of the initial ruling. *Fay Corp. v. Bat Holdings I, Inc.*, 651 F. Supp. 307, 309 (W.D. Wash. 1987).

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